

## Rational Expressions and Equations Lesson #4: Addition and Subtraction of Rational Expressions - Part Two

### Denominators with Factors in Common

In this lesson we will add/subtract rational expressions where the denominators are different but have a common monomial or binomial factor.



It is important to factor the denominators in the rational expressions (if possible) **before** beginning to add or subtract.



Perform the indicated operations. Express final answers in lowest terms, and indicate the nonpermissible values.

a)  $\frac{3}{5x} - \frac{3}{10x}$

b)  $\frac{4}{5x+5} + \frac{3}{2x+2}$

c)  $\frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x^2+2x}$



Simplify, stating restrictions on the value of  $x$ .  $\frac{5}{(x+1)(x-2)} + \frac{2}{(x+4)(x-2)}$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{LCD} &= \frac{5(x+4) + 2(x+1)}{(x+1)(x-2)(x+4)} \\ &= \frac{5x+20+2x+2}{(x+1)(x-2)(x+4)} \\ &= \frac{7x+22}{(x+1)(x-2)(x+4)} \end{aligned}$$

only one  
is needed in  
the LCD.

$x \neq -1, 2, -4$



Simplify  $\frac{4}{p^2 - 1} + \frac{2}{p + 1}$ . State the nonpermissible values for  $p$ .



Notice that in Class Example #3, the numerator of the answer had a factor in common with the denominator. This resulted in a further reduction which simplified the answer. **We must always check to see that our answers are in fully-reduced form.**

Complete Assignment Questions #1 - #2

### Trinomial Denominators

FRS



Simplify: a)  $\frac{2}{x + 1} - \frac{x - 1}{x^2 - 2x - 3}$

b)  $\frac{1}{y^2 - 3y + 2} + \frac{3}{y^2 + y - 2}$

$$\frac{2}{x+1} - \frac{(x-1)}{(x+1)(x-3)}$$

$$\frac{2(x-3) - x + 1}{(x+1)(x-3)}$$

$$\frac{2x - 6 - x + 1}{(x+1)(x-3)}$$

$$\frac{x - 5}{(x+1)(x-3)}$$

$$x \neq -1, 3$$



Simplify  $\frac{x^2 - 3x + 2}{x^2 - 5x + 4} - \frac{x^2 + 10x + 24}{x^2 + 8x + 12}$ .



Show that  $\frac{2a + 7}{a^2 + 7a + 12} + \frac{2a}{9 - a^2}$  can be reduced to  $\frac{-7}{(a + 4)(a - 3)}$ .

$a \neq \pm 3, -4$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{2a+7}{(a+3)(a+4)} + \frac{-2a}{(a+3)(a-3)} \\ = & \frac{(2a+7)(a-3) + -2a(a+4)}{(a+3)(a+4)(a-3)} \\ = & \frac{2a^2+a-21-2a^2-8a}{(a+3)(a+4)(a-3)} = \frac{-7a-21}{(a+3)(a+4)(a-3)} = \frac{-7(a+3)}{\cancel{(a+3)}(a+4)(a-3)} \\ & = \frac{-7}{(a+4)(a-3)} \end{aligned}$$

#1-7 (a, c)

Complete Assignment Questions #3 - #11

### Assignment

1. Perform the indicated operations. Express final answers in lowest terms, and indicate the nonpermissible values.

a)  $\frac{1}{a} - \frac{1}{6a}$

b)  $\frac{2}{5x-15} + \frac{3}{2x-6}$

c)  $\frac{3}{4x+2} - \frac{1}{6x+3}$